

Micro-Nano Engineering

The field of Micro-Nano Engineering studies the integration of science, engineering, and technology in the length scale of micrometers and nanometers. As partial preparation for the degrees of Ph.D. and M.S. in the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department, with a major field in Micro-Nano Engineering, students should be able to demonstrate mastery of the subject matter described below.

Summary of Major Field Body of Knowledge:

Students should master the major field body of knowledge covered in the following courses:

MAE 280B (equiv. to EE M250B and BME M250B)
MAE 287

and a selection of 2 courses from the following (or other courses if supported by the research advisor and approved by the field chair in advance):

MAE 183B, 231G, 233, 238, 262, 281, M282, C287L, 286, 284, 285, 250M

The written qualifying (preliminary) examination covers the entire major field body of knowledge.

More details concerning the major field body of knowledge can be found in the **Syllabus for the Major Field**, on the next page.

Minimum Requirements for Ph.D. Major Field Students:

The student must pass a written examination in the major field and satisfy other program requirements for the Ph.D. in the MAE Department besides completing all other formal University requirements.

Format of Written Qualifying Examination:

The Ph.D. preliminary exam in the Micro-Nano Engineering Major Field is in both written and oral forms.

Timing of Written Qualifying Examination:

The exam is typically arranged near the end of each academic year. Students are strongly encouraged to take the exam in the first academic year. If failed, they can take it again in the second academic year from the time of admission to the Ph.D. program, and may not take the exam more than twice. The details of the exam will be announced each year, and students need to register for the exam in the department student affairs office before the announced deadline.

Link to old exams:

<http://stdntsvcs.mae.ucla.edu/exam/index.htm>

Ph.D. Minor Field Requirements:

Students who select Micro-Nano Engineering as a minor field must pass three courses among the Micro-Nano Engineering courses listed on the following page with a minimum GPA of 3.33. At least two must be at the graduate level, and at least one of the two must be from the Micro-Nano Engineering core courses.

Syllabus for the Major Field in Micro-Nano Engineering

The written qualifying (preliminary) exam tests the mastery of core materials in the Micro-Nano Engineering field as well as the fundamentals of science and engineering. The specific body of knowledge tested includes materials from all of the Micro-Nano Engineering core courses, as well as two of the Micro-Nano Engineering specialty courses listed below.

Micro-Nano Engineering Core Courses:

1. MEMS Fabrication — MAE M280B (equiv. to EE M250B and BME M250B)
 - Introduction to MEMS fabrication for advanced R&D of MEMS
 - Surface micromachining and bulk micromachining
 - Advance photolithography technologies
 - Thin film deposition
 - DRIE
 - Electroplating
 - Packaging
 - Bonding
 - Mechanical properties of thin film and residual stress,
 - Thermal processes, thermal diffusion, thermal budget and oxidation processes.
 - Ion implantation
2. Nanoscience and Biotechnology—MAE M287
 - Basic physical, chemical, and biological principles in nano sciences
 - Nanoscale materials prepared by various methods
 - Top-down and bottom-up nano fabrication techniques
 - Nano characterization
 - Applications of nano technology on electronics, biology, medicine, energy, environment, etc.

Micro-Nano Engineering Specialty Courses:

3. Introduction to microscale and nanoscale manufacturing - MAE M183B (equivalent to EE M153, BE M153, ChE M153)
 - Introduction of micro- and nanofabrication
 - Photolithography
 - Electron beam lithography
 - Nanoimprint lithography and soft lithography
 - Self-assembly and chemical synthesis
 - SEM and AFM for nanostructure inspection
 - Physical and chemical etching processes
 - Physical and chemical deposition processes
 - Cleanroom experience: this class will also provide a hands-on experience for fabricating micro and nanostructures in a cleanroom environment in UCLA Microlab.
4. Microscopic Energy Transport—MAE 231G
 - Microscopic transport theory
 - Applications to semiconductor electronic/optoelectronic devices
 - Applications to MEMS/NEMS devices
 - Applications to nanostructures
 - Applications to biological systems

5. Nanoscience for Energy Technologies—MAE 233
 - Introduction to fundamental principles of energy transport, conversion, and storage at nanoscale,
 - Recent development for energy technologies involving nanotechnology.
 - Examples that connect technological application, fundamental challenge, and scientific-solution-based nanotechnology to improve device performance and energy efficiency

6. Introduction to Statistical Thermodynamics—MAE 238
 - Entropy and free energy
 - Distribution functions
 - Electrons, phonons, photons
 - Kinetic theory

7. Mechanics of Intelligent Material Systems—MAE262
 - Constitutive relations for electro-magneto-mechanical materials
 - Fiber-optic sensor technology
 - Micro/macro analysis
 - Active systems design, inch-worm, and bimorph

8. Microsciences—MAE 281
 - Issues of being in micrometer scale for science and engineering
 - Physical and chemical principles important for microscale engineering
 - Surface tension and its relevance for microscale engineering
 - Superhydrophobic surfaces and applications
 - Electrowetting and applications

9. MEMS Device Physics and Design—EE250B/MAE M282
 Prerequisite: EE M250A/MAE M280 or equivalent, to be approved by the instructor
 - Critical understanding of various transduction principles
 - Design, production, and characterization of MEMS devices
 - Sensing (piezoelectric, capacitive, magnetic, etc.)
 - Actuation (electrostatic, electromagnetic, thermal, piezoelectric, SMA, etc.)
 - Layout and design rules, Foundry services (MUMPs, MOSIS, SUMMIT, etc.)

10. Applied Optics - MAE 286
 - Light propagation in matters
 - Reflection and Refraction-Fresnel Equations
 - Polarization and Polarizer
 - Interference principles and Interferometers
 - Diffraction optics

11. Nanoscale Fabrication, Characterization, and Biodetection Lab—MAE C287L
 Prerequisite: MAE M180 and MAE M180L or equivalent, to be approved by the instructor
 - Basic physical, chemical, and biological principles in nano-areas
 - Top-down and bottom-up nanofabrication techniques
 - Nano characterization techniques
 - Biosensing technology

12. Sensors, Actuators, and Signal Processing—MAE284
 - Principles and performance of micro transducers
 - Design of experiments
 - Sensor and actuator spatial/temporal resolution, error analysis, uncertainty propagation, and data acquisition

- Applications of micro transducers for distributed real-time control of systems
13. Interfacial Phenomena—MAE 285
- Surface tension, surfactants, and interfacial forces
 - Interfacial thermodynamics
 - Interfacial hydrodynamics
 - Dynamics of the triple line
 - Applications to wetting, change of phase, foams and emulsions, MEMS, and biological systems
14. Introduction to Micro/Nano Fluids—MAE 250M
- Fluid mechanics in macro and micro systems
 - Sedimentation
 - Diffusion
 - Osmotic pressure and equilibrium
 - Surface phenomena
 - Attractive van Waals interactions
 - The electrical double-layer and repulsive double-layer interactions
 - Electrophoresis and Zeta potential
 - Non-Newtonian fluid mechanics

Requirements for Ph.D. Major Field Students:

The basic program of study for the Ph.D. degree is built around the Micro-Nano Engineering major field, one minor field, and three additional courses. There is no formal major field course requirement for the Ph.D. degree, but students must pass preliminary examination in the Micro-Nano Engineering field, which requires the mastery of knowledge equivalent to the core courses for the field and the select specialty courses (see above). They should also satisfy the requirement for one minor field and successfully finish the three additional courses, of which at least two on the graduate level, approved by their faculty advisors.

Qualifying Examination:

After passing the preliminary exam and performing preliminary research on the dissertation topic, the student is ready to take the qualifying exam. The qualifying exam is in the form of oral presentation, but each student should prepare a prospectus that introduces the topic and outlines the research plan.

A qualifying exam committee needs to be formed with a composition that conforms to the following and other applicable rules:

- The exam committee must consist of at least four ladder faculty members (i.e., assistant, associate, or full professors)
- Adjunct faculty members, industrial collaborators, and other non-academic advisors can serve on the committee as additional non-voting members

Ph.D. Dissertation:

A thesis must be completed under the direction of a faculty advisor. It must be signed by four faculty members, whose composition follows the following and other applicable rules:

- They must consist of at least four ladder faculty members (i.e., assistant, associate, or full professors)

M.S. Comprehensive Examination:

MAE students in the M.S. comprehensive examination plan can also take the preliminary exam to satisfy the requirement for a comprehensive exam for an M.S. degree.